TMTB: META, TXN, LRCX, IBM 财报

TMT BRIEFCAST
3 HOURS AGO · 1 POST

Listen

Decent set of Tech earnings today...

今天的科技股业绩表现还不错……

META +6%: Revenue beat both Street and the bugbear bar, but capex guide was a bit higher than feared, ~$70B target.
Overall, solid set of numbers but investors remain braced for a potential capital raise (see #5 of set pitch into an all-in call on timing).

META 股价上涨 6%：营收表现优于市场预期以及分析师的预期，但资本支出指引略高于担忧，约 700 亿美元。一个总体来说，表现不错的一组数字，但投资者仍在为潜在的资本筹集做准备（见关于时机的全押电话会议的第 5 点）。

3Q came in above the top of the guide, driven mainly by pricing (price per ad +16%, impressions +10%). FY Dec expense guide raised to $162-169B (+$3B at the midpoint) as AI chip charge added on top. Ex the charge it's still $165-169B, a bit of a relief. Capex guide is where the bear case was, but it's not as the midpoint is now $140B. That's a little short of the Street's $145B but there's a big AWS bottom for AI semi's and a small positive for META longs.

第三季度业绩表现超出了上限，主要受定价驱动（每广告价格 +16%，展示量 +10%）。12 月费用指引上调至 1650 亿至 1690 亿美元（较此前预测高出 30 亿美元），以计入人工智能芯片费用。若剔除该费用，仍处于 1650 亿至 1690 亿美元，算是略有宽慰。资本支出指引是一个担忧所在，但现在中点为 1400 亿美元，略低于华尔街预期的 1450 亿美元，但对 AWS 来说是个大底部，对 META 多头则有些小利好。

On 2027, right now's it's still building the budget and capacity plan and will have more details in February. Expects revenue growth ~$215~220B (core) / ~$200B capex and should see significant acceleration in core revenue growth as new ranking engines 4Q expenses of ~$48~52B, up from $41.7B in 3Q. Reality Labs losses to increase significantly in 2026 vs '25 growth. The Senatar share-class story that he met the clear bar to win shareholder support. Also, the effective 17%/21% credit through a 1-for-1 stock dividend (effectively a 2-for-1 split), with capital raising listed first among the reasons. FCF was ~$43B in 3Q, down from $52B in 2Q.

2027 年，目前仍在制定预算和产能计划，预计 2 月将提供更多细节。预计营收增长约 2150~2200 亿美元（核心），资本支出约 2000 亿美元，并应在核心营收增长上显著加速，因为新的排名引擎将使 4Q 费用达到约 480~520 亿美元，高于 3Q 的 417 亿美元。现实实验室的亏损预计将在 2026 年较 25 年增长大幅增加。参议员的股票类别故事，他满足了明确的门槛，赢得了股东支持。此外，通过 1 拆 1 股票股息（实际上是 1 拆 2），有效信用额度为 17%/21%，资本筹集列为首要原因。自由现金流为 ~430 亿美元，3Q 为 520 亿美元，2Q 为 430 亿美元。

TXN: 3Q came in above the guide, but Q4 and the 4Q guide were below the Street's bar. Analog was already crowded long heading into the print (still >60% long), and this print won't help.

TXN 的第三季度业绩超出指引，但第四季度及第四季度的业绩预期低于市场预期。即使在市场已经过度看多模拟芯片（仍有超过 60% 的多头仓位），这份业绩报告也无助于改善。

3Q revenue of $5.66B (+15% yoy, +28% qoq) beat Street's 5.5B but below-consensus guide in the range $5.05~5.45. So there's no top-line upside to buyside numbers.

第三季度营收为 56.6 亿美元，环比增长 15%，同比增长 28%，超出华尔街预期的 55 亿美元，但第四季度指引区间为 50.5 亿至 54.5 亿美元，低于预期，因此营收方面没有上行空间。

At $6.05B, 4Q annualizes to ~$24B, so there's $25 fill for CY27 needs only a modestly better-than-seasonal 1H to look reasonable. Also, the 4Q guide is for a GM of 57.5% at the midpoint, $1.28 a year ago. The 300bm build is falling off, and the FCF inflection build-up may be showing up, but it's not clear yet.

以 60.5 亿美元计，第四季度年化营收约为 240 亿美元，因此 27 财年的营收需求仅需略优于季节性上半年即可显得合理。此外，第四季度指引的毛利率为 57.5%，而一年前为 57.5%，而一年前为 128 美元。300mm 的建设正在减少，自由现金流拐点的建设可能正在显现，但目前尚不清楚。

3Q revenue of $6.66B (+15% yoy, +28% qoq) beat Street's 6.5B but below-consensus guide in the range $6.05~6.45. So there's no top-line upside to buyside numbers.

第三季度营收为 66.6 亿美元，环比增长 15%，同比增长 28%，超出华尔街预期的 65 亿美元，但第四季度指引区间为 60.5 亿至 64.5 亿美元，低于预期，因此营收方面没有上行空间。

What was better was elsewhere:

其他表现更为出色：

- GM was 64.2%, ~250bps over Street and ~170bps over the guide, ~62.5% long.
  毛利率为 64.2%，比市场平均水平高 1609%260 个基点，也高于一开始的指引，约为 62.5%。
- The 4Q guide midpoint of $6.05B is flat qtr-versus a normal ~6% seasonal decline, and above the ~$5.95B peak.
  第四季度的业绩中点预计为 60.5 亿美元，与去年同期基本持平，而通常情况下会出现约 6% 的季节性下滑，因此该预测意味着上涨趋势，高于 59.5 亿美元的峰值。

3Q revenue of $6.66B (+15% yoy, +28% qoq) beat Street's 6.5B but below-consensus guide in the range $6.05~6.45. So there's no top-line upside to buyside numbers.

第三季度营收为 66.6 亿美元，环比增长 15%，同比增长 28%，超出华尔街预期的 65 亿美元，但第四季度指引区间为 60.5 亿至 64.5 亿美元，低于预期，因此营收方面没有上行空间。

Spending was better than feared, but this likely means all the funding short is semis. Should keep some '27 framing on the table, but it's not clear how much.

支出情况好于预期，但这可能意味着所有资金都流向了半导体。因此，我们应该在讨论中保留一些 27 年的框架，但目前尚不清楚具体数额。

IBM: Beat on revenue and EPS but missed the FCF bar. Software +9% (+8% cc) and Consulting +4% (+3% cc) were both in line. Infra +17% (+16% cc) was the big upside driver.

IBM：营收和每股收益均超预期，但自由现金流未达预期。软件业务增长 9%（按固定汇率计算增长 8%），咨询业务增长 4%（按固定汇率计算增长 3%），两者均符合预期。基础设施增长 17%（按固定汇率计算增长 16%）是主要的超预期驱动因素。

Revenue of $17.1B (+6% cc) beat Street by ~2%, with Software ~$20M ahead.

营收为 171 亿美元（按固定汇率计算增长 6%），超出华尔街预期约 2%，其中软件业务贡献了约 2000 万美元的超额收入。

Gross margin was 58.5%, down 70bps yoy, but +20bps ex-Kyndryl. Software +80bps ex-acq.

毛利率为 58.5%，同比下降 70 个基点，但剔除 Kyndryl 的影响后，同比增长 20 个基点。软件业务（剔除收购影响）同比增长 80 个基点。

FCF was $2.5B (+$1.5B yoy), down ~$1B ex-Kyndryl. Capex was $0.3B (+$0.1B yoy).

自由现金流为 25 亿美元（同比增长 15 亿美元），剔除 Kyndryl 的影响后，同比下降约 10 亿美元。资本支出为 3 亿美元（同比增长 1 亿美元）。

- **Software:** Data (+20% cc), Transaction Processing (+5% cc) and Infra (+1% cc) better. Automation (-7% cc) was the soft spot.
  软件：数据（+20% 固定汇率）、交易处理（+5% 固定汇率）和基础设施（+1% 固定汇率）表现更佳。自动化（-7% 固定汇率）表现疲软。
- **Consulting:** Strategic Technology (+5% cc) was the standout, while Business Transformation (-1% cc) was the laggard.
  咨询：战略技术（+5% 固定汇率）表现突出，而业务转型（-1% 固定汇率）则表现落后。
- **Infrastructure:** Hybrid Infra (+20% cc) was the standout, with Power (+7% cc) and Storage (-2% cc) the laggards.
  基础设施：混合基础设施（+20% 固定汇率）表现突出，而电力（+7% 固定汇率）和存储（-2% 固定汇率）则表现落后。

Operating pre-tax margin rose 70bps yy; FY26 revenue growth w/ at ~5% cc, and the FCF outlook now ~$16 yy (vs. prior guidance of ~$14B) and ~$13B ex-Kyndryl, both under Street. After the 2Q software miss the bar was simply too low, and the 3Q beat was more than offset by the guide for a non-crowded stock. Reminder: stock was +4% today.

营业税前利润率同比上升 70 个基点；2026 财年营收增长率约为 5%（固定汇率），FCF 展望为约 160 亿美元（此前指引为约 140 亿美元），剔除 Kyndryl 后为约 130 亿美元，均低于华尔街预期。在 2Q 软件业务未能达到预期后，第 3Q 业绩超预期的影响已被指引所抵消，因此该股并未受到热捧。提醒一下：今天该股下跌 4%。

IBM +8%, Software bounced back to +9% ex-fxon +4% 2Q as the slipped deals closed. Consulting +4% ex-fxon.

IBM 股价上涨 8%，软件业务因前期未能完成的交易回暖，剔除汇率因素后增长 9%，较 2Q 增长 4%。咨询业务剔除汇率因素后增长 4%。

Revenue of $17.1B (+6% cc) beat Street by ~2%, with Software ~$20M ahead.

营收为 171 亿美元（按固定汇率计算增长 6%），超出华尔街预期约 2%，其中软件业务贡献了约 2000 万美元的超额收入。

Gross margin was 58.5%, down 70bps yoy, but +20bps ex-Kyndryl. Software +80bps ex-acq.

毛利率为 58.5%，同比下降 70 个基点，但剔除 Kyndryl 的影响后，同比增长 20 个基点。软件业务（剔除收购影响）同比增长 80 个基点。

FCF was $2.5B (+$1.5B yoy), down ~$1B ex-Kyndryl. Capex was $0.3B (+$0.1B yoy).

自由现金流为 25 亿美元（同比增长 15 亿美元），剔除 Kyndryl 的影响后，同比下降约 10 亿美元。资本支出为 3 亿美元（同比增长 1 亿美元）。

- **Software:** Data (+20% cc), Transaction Processing (+5% cc) and Infra (+1% cc) better. Automation (-7% cc) was the soft spot.
  软件：数据（+20% 固定汇率）、交易处理（+5% 固定汇率）和基础设施（+1% 固定汇率）表现更佳。自动化（-7% 固定汇率）表现疲软。
- **Consulting:** Strategic Technology (+5% cc) was the standout, while Business Transformation (-1% cc) was the laggard.
  咨询：战略技术（+5% 固定汇率）表现突出，而业务转型（-1% 固定汇率）则表现落后。
- **Infrastructure:** Hybrid Infra (+20% cc) was the standout, with Power (+7% cc) and Storage (-2% cc) the laggards.
  基础设施：混合基础设施（+20% 固定汇率）表现突出，而电力（+7% 固定汇率）和存储（-2% 固定汇率）则表现落后。

Operating pre-tax margin rose 70bps yy; FY26 revenue growth w/ at ~5% cc, and the FCF outlook now ~$16 yy (vs. prior guidance of ~$14B) and ~$13B ex-Kyndryl, both under Street. After the 2Q software miss the bar was simply too low, and the 3Q beat was more than offset by the guide for a non-crowded stock. Reminder: stock was +4% today.

营业税前利润率同比上升 70 个基点；2026 财年营收增长率约为 5%（固定汇率），FCF 展望为约 160 亿美元（此前指引为约 140 亿美元），剔除 Kyndryl 后为约 130 亿美元，均低于华尔街预期。在 2Q 软件业务未能达到预期后，第 3Q 业绩超预期的影响已被指引所抵消，因此该股并未受到热捧。提醒一下：今天该股下跌 4%。

LRCX -7%: The September quarter beat by a little, but the December guide only matched Street at $8.68b while Nasdaq was up 0.4%.

LRCX：跌幅为-7%。9 月季度的业绩略好于预期，但 12 月的业绩预测仅为 86 亿美元，与市场预期持平；而纳斯达克指数当日上涨 0.4%。

September revenue of $5.23B and $2.42/ GM were right on the bogeys and slightly above Street. However, guide withheld $8.60B +$160M +/- 5% qoq, half the +10% buyside bogey. Gross margin guide of 49.5% +/- 100bps was also below the pushback on quality of the beat as China jumped to 35% of revenue from 25% in 3Q. Also, the buyback was at $0.1B of the ~$1.5B q/q increase; ex-China revenue grew ~7% q/q.

9 月营收为 52.3 亿美元，毛利率为 49.5%，均符合预期，略高于市场预期。然而，指引为 86 亿美元（±1.6 亿美元），仅达到买方预期增长 10% 的一半。毛利率指引为 49.5%（±1 个百分点），也低于预期。此外，中国大陆收入占比从 3Q 的 25% 跃升至 35%，对业绩的含金量提出质疑。回购规模为 0.1 亿美元，仅占约 15 亿美元环比增长的一小部分；剔除中国大陆后，营收环比增长约 7%。

The stock was already ~40% off its June highs (nervous Nellies had sold off in August), but this likely means all the funding short is semis. Should keep some '27 framing on the table, but it's not clear how much.

该股已较其 6 月高点下跌 40%（紧张情绪在 8 月已有所释放），但这可能意味着所有资金都流向了半导体。因此，我们应该在讨论中保留一些 27 年的框架，但目前尚不清楚具体数额。

F2Q Revenue: $8.22B vs. Street $8.14B and buyside ~$8.2-8.25B

F2Q 营收：8.22 亿美元，高于华尔街预期的 81.4 亿美元，与买方预期的 82 亿至 82.5 亿美元基本持平。

F2Q GM: 52.4% vs. Street 51.8% and buyside ~52.5%

F2Q 毛利率：52.4%，高于华尔街预期的 51.8%，与买方预期的 52.5% 基本持平。

F2Q EPS: $2.20 vs. Street $2.16

F2Q 每股收益：2.20 美元，高于华尔街预期的 2.16 美元。

F2Q Revenue Guide: $8.60B +$0.16B, or flat qtr-versus a normal ~6% seasonal decline, and above the ~$5.95B peak.

F2Q 营收指引：86 亿美元（±1.6 亿美元），环比持平，而通常情况下会出现约 6% 的季节性下滑，且高于 59.5 亿美元的峰值。

F2Q GM Guide: 52.5% +/-1% vs. Street 51.8% and buyside ~52.5%

F2Q 毛利率指引：52.5%（±1 个百分点），高于华尔街预期的 51.8%，与买方预期的 52.5% 基本持平。

F2Q EPS Guide: $2.33 vs. Street $2.33

F2Q 每股收益指引：2.33 美元，与华尔街预期一致。

IBM +8%, Software bounced back to +9% ex-fxon +4% 2Q as the slipped deals closed. Consulting +4% ex-fxon.

IBM 股价上涨 8%，软件业务因前期未能完成的交易回暖，剔除汇率因素后增长 9%，较 2Q 增长 4%。咨询业务剔除汇率因素后增长 4%。

Revenue of $17.1B (+6% cc) beat Street by ~2%, with Software ~$20M ahead.

营收为 171 亿美元（按固定汇率计算增长 6%），超出华尔街预期约 2%，其中软件业务贡献了约 2000 万美元的超额收入。

Gross margin was 58.5%, down 70bps yoy, but +20bps ex-Kyndryl. Software +80bps ex-acq.

毛利率为 58.5%，同比下降 70 个基点，但剔除 Kyndryl 的影响后，同比增长 20 个基点。软件业务（剔除收购影响）同比增长 80 个基点。

FCF was $2.5B (+$1.5B yoy), down ~$1B ex-Kyndryl. Capex was $0.3B (+$0.1B yoy).

自由现金流为 25 亿美元（同比增长 15 亿美元），剔除 Kyndryl 的影响后，同比下降约 10 亿美元。资本支出为 3 亿美元（同比增长 1 亿美元）。

- **Software:** Data (+20% cc), Transaction Processing (+5% cc) and Infra (+1% cc) better. Automation (-7% cc) was the soft spot.
  软件：数据（+20% 固定汇率）、交易处理（+5% 固定汇率）和基础设施（+1% 固定汇率）表现更佳。自动化（-7% 固定汇率）表现疲软。
- **Consulting:** Strategic Technology (+5% cc) was the standout, while Business Transformation (-1% cc) was the laggard.
  咨询：战略技术（+5% 固定汇率）表现突出，而业务转型（-1% 固定汇率）则表现落后。
- **Infrastructure:** Hybrid Infra (+20% cc) was the standout, with Power (+7% cc) and Storage (-2% cc) the laggards.
  基础设施：混合基础设施（+20% 固定汇率）表现突出，而电力（+7% 固定汇率）和存储（-2% 固定汇率）则表现落后。

Operating pre-tax margin rose 70bps yy; FY26 revenue growth w/ at ~5% cc, and the FCF outlook now ~$16 yy (vs. prior guidance of ~$14B) and ~$13B ex-Kyndryl, both under Street. After the 2Q software miss the bar was simply too low, and the 3Q beat was more than offset by the guide for a non-crowded stock. Reminder: stock was +4% today.

营业税前利润率同比上升 70 个基点；2026 财年营收增长率约为 5%（固定汇率），FCF 展望为约 160 亿美元（此前指引为约 140 亿美元），剔除 Kyndryl 后为约 130 亿美元，均低于华尔街预期。在 2Q 软件业务未能达到预期后，第 3Q 业绩超预期的影响已被指引所抵消，因此该股并未受到热捧。提醒一下：今天该股下跌 4%。

Like

1K Likes

24 · 1 · 1 · Share

Previous