

Weekly commentary

June 15, 2026

BlackRock

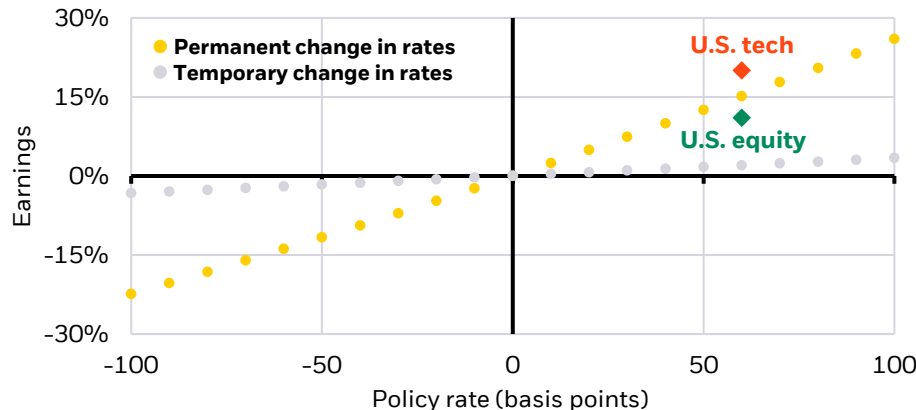
Strong earnings key as rates stay high

- Markets are still digesting the trade-off between stronger earnings growth and higher interest rates. Solid tech earnings keep us positive on risk, for now.
- The S&P 500 gained 1% as tech rebounded and on news that the U.S. and Iran were nearing a potential peace deal. Brent crude oil fell to a three-month low.
- Eyes are on Kevin Warsh's first meeting as Fed chair and any communication changes, including whether the Fed will still provide forward guidance on rates.

The recent equity pullback has put a central debate back into focus: can solid U.S. corporate earnings growth keep offsetting a higher-for-longer interest rate environment? Equities have remained relatively resilient as bond yields jumped to one-year highs on inflation concerns as markets shifted to price in a potential Federal Reserve rate hike. The latest tech retreat suggests the balance between earnings growth and rates is a fine one – and earnings need to keep delivering.

Earnings growth vs. rates

Change in 2026 U.S. expected earnings growth and short-term rate path



Source: BlackRock Investment Institute with data from LSEG Datastream, June 2026. Notes: Dots show the earnings growth needed to offset the change in valuations associated with shifts in policy rate expectations. Temporary shocks are assumed to gradually fade and be fully reversed after five years. Earnings above the curve offset valuation pressure from higher rates, while earnings below the curve imply residual valuation pressure. Diamond markers show year-to-date changes in earnings expectations for the MSCI U.S. and MSCI U.S. IT indices assuming a 60-basis-point increase in policy rate expectations.

Tech has proved a corner of the stock market able to outrun persistent pressure stemming from higher interest rates. See the chart. This reflects the strength of the forces driving earnings growth, in our view: strengthening AI investment spending and broader conviction in the AI theme. The chart shows the potential drag from a higher policy rate path on a permanent shift higher (yellow dots) and temporary one (gray dots) that fades after five years. U.S. tech earnings this year have so far outpaced that potential drag – and tech earnings have a higher hurdle to clear given their sensitivity to interest rates from the long-term nature of their earnings growth. See the orange dot. Whether tech shares can keep doing so will depend not only on the durability of earnings momentum, but also whether we see a further acceleration of the AI buildout amid the constraints.



Jean Boivin

Head – BlackRock Investment Institute



Wei Li

Global Chief Investment Strategist – BlackRock Investment Institute



Ehsan Khoman

Economist – BlackRock Investment Institute



Michel Dilmanian

Portfolio Strategist – BlackRock Investment Institute

Visit [BlackRock Investment Institute](#) for insights on the global economy, markets and geopolitics.

BlackRock Investment Institute

The AI buildout has helped turbocharge U.S. tech sector earnings: growth jumped to a 52% year-over-year pace in Q1, easily beating expectations for a 36% gain at the start of the quarter and almost double the growth of the broader market, according to Bloomberg data. The capital needs for the AI buildout are front and center after SpaceX’s record-beating \$75 billion initial public offering (IPO) last week, the first of other big AI IPOs building in the pipeline. OpenAI’s IPO filing just before SpaceX’s listing highlights sustained investor confidence in the AI theme. Yet a growing wave of equity-over-debt issuance from mega cap tech hyperscalers such as Meta and Google-parent Alphabet raises questions of where will the capital come from. We think market absorption of this supersized equity issuance is a real risk to watch but not on its own a reason to question the AI fundamentals.

This comes as U.S. growth has held up thanks to the ongoing AI buildout while inflation has proved sticky. The supply disruptions from the Middle East conflict have caused limited damage so far – just as a potential U.S.–Iran deal seems close again – but have reinforced concerns about inflation, prompting markets to price in a potential Fed rate hike this year compared with a few cuts at the start of the year.

This puts the spotlight on Fed Chair Kevin Warsh’s first policy meeting as head of the central bank this week and the communication challenge the Fed faces. We’re closely watching how Warsh frames the balance between growth and inflation and any changes Warsh signals on Fed communication, such as reducing reliance on forward guidance to signal how it might act on policy rates next. That potentially makes the Fed’s policy changes a source of volatility as investors try to infer future moves from fewer clues – and could add to reasons for investors to demand more term premium for holding long-term bonds, keeping upward pressure on long-term yields. Any Warsh comments on AI-linked productivity gains will also be key – especially as productivity gains from AI signal a strong investment backdrop and competition for capital that would also push interest rates higher.

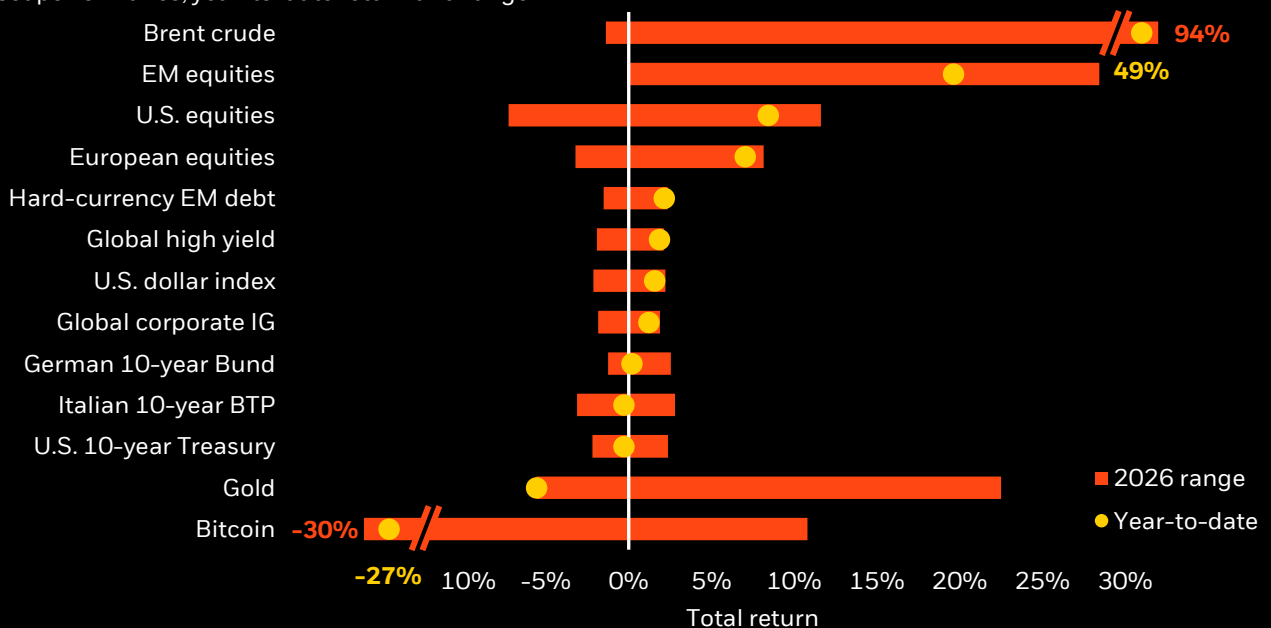
Bottom line: Tech earnings are offsetting the pressure from higher interest rates. We stay nimble in how we implement the AI theme as the potential ways to express it evolve in different markets and regions.

Market backdrop

The S&P 500 advanced nearly 1% on a rebound in tech shares and hopes of a peace deal between the U.S. and Iran that also sent Brent crude oil prices to a three-month low. SpaceX’s record debut marked the first of several expected AI-related IPOs. U.S. 10-year Treasury yields pulled back to 4.48% as lower oil prices helped ease yields off a one-year high. Following the May CPI report, we think the data leaves very little wiggle room, if any, for the Fed heading into Warsh’s first meeting as chair.

Assets in review

Selected asset performance, year-to-date return and range



Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results. Indexes are unmanaged and do not account for fees. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.
 Sources: BlackRock Investment Institute, with data from LSEG Datastream as of June 11, 2026. Notes: The two ends of the bars show the lowest and highest res at any point year to date, and the dots represent current year-to-date res. Emerging market (EM), high yield and global corporate investment grade (IG) res are denominated in U.S. dollars, and the rest in local currencies. Indexes or prices used are: spot Brent crude, ICE U.S. Dollar Index (DXY), spot gold, spot bitcoin, MSCI Emerging Markets Index, MSCI Europe Index, LSEG Datastream 10-year benchmark government bond index (U.S., Germany and Italy), Bloomberg Global High Yield Index, J.P. Morgan EMBI Index, Bloomberg Global Corporate Index and MSCI USA Index.

Week ahead

June 10-17

China total social financing

June 17

Fed policy decision; UK CPI and PPI; Japan trade

June 16

Bank of Japan policy decision

June 18

Bank of England policy decision; UK unemployment

All eyes are on next week's Fed meeting and how Chair Kevin Warsh frames the outlook for growth, inflation and policy. Investors will be looking to see if the Fed drops its easing bias and for clues about how much forward guidance the Fed intends to provide given Warsh's questions about its usefulness. Beyond the Fed, China credit data, a Bank of Japan policy meeting plus UK inflation data will help shape the global macro picture.

Big calls

Our highest conviction views on six- to 12-month (tactical) and over five-year (strategic) horizons, June 2026

Tactical	Reasons
Favor AI beneficiaries	We favor infrastructure and equipment supporting the AI buildout such as semiconductors, power and data centers. We think they stand to benefit no matter AI's eventual winners or losers. We see the AI boom lifting U.S. corporate earnings, underpinning our U.S. equity overweight.
Selected international exposures	We like hard-currency EM debt on economic resilience, disciplined fiscal and monetary policy and a high ratio of commodities exporters. We're also overweight EM equities, preferring commodity exporters and AI beneficiaries. In Europe, we favor equity sectors like infrastructure.
Evolving diversifiers	We suggest looking for "plan B" portfolio hedges such as thematic opportunities related to the AI buildout and search for energy security. Long-term U.S. Treasuries no longer provide a buffer against equity market declines, and gold also has shown to be an ineffective diversifier.
Strategic	Reasons
Portfolio construction	We favor a scenario-based approach as AI winners and losers emerge. We lean on private markets and hedge funds for idiosyncratic returns and to anchor portfolios in mega forces.
Infrastructure equity and private credit	We find infrastructure equity valuations attractive as geopolitical fragmentation and the AI buildout underpin structural demand. We still like private credit but see an increase in dispersion of returns. This highlights the importance of manager selection.
Beyond market cap benchmarks	We get granular in public markets. We are underweight DM government bonds as inflationary pressure mounts. Within equities, we lean into both EM and DM equity – and are selective in both. We like stocks across both regions that are supported by the accelerating AI buildout.

Note: Views are from a U.S. dollar perspective, June 2026. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This information should not be relied upon by the reader as research or investment advice regarding any particular funds, strategy or security.

Tracking five mega forces

Mega forces are big, structural changes that affect investing now – and far into the future. They change the long-term growth and inflation outlook and are poised to create big shifts in profitability across economies and sectors. This creates major opportunities – and risks – for investors. See our [web hub](#) for our research.

- 1. Demographic divergence:** The world is split between aging advanced economies and younger emerging markets – with different implications.
- 2. Digital disruption and artificial intelligence (AI):** Technologies are transforming how we live and work.
- 3. Geopolitical fragmentation and economic competition:** Globalization is being rewired as the world splits into competing blocs.
- 4. Future of finance:** A fast-evolving financial architecture is changing how households and companies use cash, borrow, transact and seek returns.
- 5. Transition to a low-carbon economy:** The transition is set to spur a massive capital reallocation as energy systems are rewired.

Granular views

Six- to 12-month tactical views on selected assets vs. broad global asset classes by level of conviction, June 2026

	Asset	View	Commentary	
Equities	Developed markets			
	United States		We are overweight. Contained damage to global growth from the Mideast conflict and strong earnings expectations – particularly in tech – keep us risk-on.	
	Europe		We are neutral. Europe’s high exposure to the energy shock from the Mideast conflict makes it vulnerable to higher inflation and lower growth.	
	UK		We are neutral. Valuations remain attractive relative to the U.S., but we see few near-term catalysts to trigger a shift.	
	Japan		We are neutral. Japan’s exposure to imported energy may erode strong equity gains powered by healthy corporate balance sheets and governance reforms.	
	Emerging markets			
	China		We are neutral. Trade relations with the U.S. have steadied, but property stress and an aging population still constrain the macro outlook. Relatively resilient activity limits near-term policy urgency. We like sectors like AI, automation and power generation.	
	Fixed Income	Short U.S. Treasuries		We are neutral. Shorter-term bonds are relatively attractive as the market has woken up to persistent inflation and higher rates.
		Long U.S. Treasuries		We are underweight. Yields already faced upward pressure from rising term premia, as investors demand more compensation for the risk of holding long-term debt. The recent energy price shock compounds this by aggravating pre-existing inflationary pressures.
		Global inflation-linked bonds		We are neutral. We think inflation will settle above pre-pandemic levels, but markets may not price this in the near term as growth cools.
Euro area govt bonds			We are neutral short-term European government bonds. The market has repriced the ECB policy path more in line with our view. We think increased German bond issuance to finance its fiscal stimulus package is already largely reflected in the current level of 10-year yields.	
UK gilts			We are neutral. We expect volatility in gilts over the near-term. Gas powers much of the UK’s electricity, but storage is limited – making it especially vulnerable to a resurgence in inflation.	
Japanese govt bonds			We are underweight. Rate hikes, higher global term premium and heavy bond issuance will likely drive yields up further.	
China govt bonds			We are neutral. China bonds offer stability and diversification but developed market yields are higher and investor sentiment shifting towards equities limits upside.	
U.S. agency MBS			We are overweight. Agency MBS offer higher income than Treasuries with similar risk and may offer more diversification amid fiscal and inflationary pressures.	
Short-term IG credit			We are neutral. Corporate strength means spreads are low, but they could widen if issuance increases.	
Long-term IG credit			We are underweight. We prefer short-term bonds less exposed to interest rate risk over long-term bonds.	
Global high yield		We are neutral. High yield offers more attractive carry and shorter duration, but we think dispersion between higher and weaker issuers will increase.		
Asia credit		We are neutral. Overall yields are attractive and fundamentals are solid, but spreads are tight.		
Emerging hard currency		We are overweight. EM hard-currency indexes lean toward Latin American commodity exporters such as Brazil that stand to benefit as Mideast supply plummets.		
Emerging local currency		We are neutral. The U.S. dollar has been strengthening as a safe-haven currency in the wake of the Middle East conflict. This could reverse year-to-date gains driven by a falling USD.		

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current or future results. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Note: Views are from a U.S. dollar perspective. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast or guarantee of future results. This information should not be relied upon as investment advice regarding any particular fund, strategy or security.

BlackRock Investment Institute

The BlackRock Investment Institute (BII) leverages the firm's expertise and generates proprietary research to provide insights on macroeconomics, sustainable investing, geopolitics and portfolio construction to help BlackRock's portfolio managers and clients navigate financial markets. BII offers strategic and tactical market views, publications and digital tools that are underpinned by proprietary research.

FOR PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION IN THE U.S., CANADA, LATIN AMERICA, AUSTRIA, BELGIUM, DENMARK, FINLAND, FRANCE, GERMANY, IRELAND, ISRAEL, ITALY, LIECHENSTEIN, LUXEMBOURG, NETHERLANDS, NORWAY, PORTUGAL, SOUTH AFRICA, SPAIN, SWEDEN, SWITZERLAND, THE UNITED KINGDOM, HONG KONG, SINGAPORE AND AUSTRALIA. FOR INSTITUTIONAL, PROFESSIONAL, QUALIFIED CLIENTS/INVESTORS IN OTHER PERMITTED COUNTRIES.

General disclosure: This document is marketing material, is intended for information and educational purposes only, and does not constitute investment advice, a recommendation or an offer or solicitation to purchase or sell any securities or any investment strategies. The opinions expressed are as of June 15, 2026 and are subject to change without notice. Reliance upon information in this material is at the sole discretion of the reader. Investing involves risks. This information is not intended to be complete or exhaustive and no representations or warranties, either express or implied, are made regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. This material may contain estimates and forward-looking statements, which may include forecasts and do not represent a guarantee of future performance.

In EMEA, in the UK and Non-European Economic Area (EEA) countries: this is Issued by BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited, authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered office: 12 Throgmorton Avenue, London, EC2N 2DL. Tel: + 44 (0)20 7743 3000. Registered in England and Wales No. 02020394. For your protection telephone calls are usually recorded. Please refer to the Financial Conduct Authority website for a list of authorised activities conducted by BlackRock. **In the European Economic Area (EEA):** this is Issued by BlackRock (Netherlands) B.V. is authorised and regulated by the Netherlands Authority for the Financial Markets. Registered office Amstelplein 1, 1096 HA, Amsterdam, Tel: 31-20-549-5200. Trade Register No. 17068311 For your protection telephone calls are usually recorded. **In Italy,** for information on investor rights and how to raise complaints please go to <https://www.blackrock.com/corporate/compliance/investor-right> available in Italian. **BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited - Abu Dhabi Global Market (ADGM) Branch** is a Branch of a Foreign Company registered with the Abu Dhabi Global Market Registration Authority (Registered number 21523), with its office at Floor 25, Al Sila Tower, Abu Dhabi Global Market Square, Al Maryah Island, Abu Dhabi, UAE, and is regulated by the ADGM Financial Services Regulatory Authority ("FSRA") to engage in the regulated activities of 'Arranging Deals in Investments'; 'Advising on Investments or Credit'; 'Managing Assets'; and 'Managing in a Collective Investment Fund' (FRSA Reference 240099). **BlackRock Advisors (UK) Limited - Dubai Branch** is a Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) Foreign Recognised Company registered with the DIFC Registrar of Companies (DIFC Registered Number 546), with its office at Unit L15 - 01A, ICD Brookfield Place, DIFC, PO Box 506661, Dubai, UAE, and is regulated by the DFSA to engage in the regulated activities of 'Advising on Financial Products' and 'Arranging Deals in Investments' in or from the DIFC, both of which are limited to units in a collective investment fund (DFSA Reference Number F000738).

In Albania, Angola, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Botswana, Bulgaria, Egypt, Georgia, Ghana, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kosovo, Lebanon, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, North Macedonia, Pakistan, Rwanda, Serbia, Tanzania, Turkey, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Zambia, Zimbabwe, this document is intended strictly for central banks and sovereign investors only. In Israel: BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited is not licensed under Israel's Regulation of Investment Advice, Investment Marketing and Portfolio Management Law, 5755-1995 (the "Advice Law"), nor does it carry insurance thereunder. **In South Africa,** please be advised that BlackRock Investment Management (UK) Limited is an authorized financial services provider with the South African Financial Services Board, FSP No. 43288. **In the ADGM,** the information contained in this document is intended strictly for Professional Clients. **In the DIFC,** this material is intended strictly for Professional Clients as defined under the Dubai Financial Services Authority ("DFSA") Conduct of Business (COB) Rules. **In the Kingdom of Bahrain and the Sultanate of Oman,** the information contained in this document is intended strictly for sophisticated institutions. **In the State of Kuwait,** the information contained in this document is intended strictly for sophisticated institutions that are 'Professional Clients' as defined under the Kuwait Capital Markets Law and its Executive Bylaws. **In Qatar,** the information contained in this document is intended strictly for sophisticated investors and high net worth investors. **In the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia,** this material is for distribution to Institutional and Qualified Clients (as defined by the Implementing Regulations issued by Capital Market Authority) only and should not be relied upon by any other persons. **In United Arab Emirates (UAE) (excluding the DIFC and the ADGM):** the information contained in this document is intended strictly for Professional Investors. **In Australia and New Zealand,** issued by BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited ABN 13 006 165 975 AFSL 230 523 (BIMA). The material provides general information only and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation, needs or circumstances. Refer to BIMAL's Financial Services Guide on its website for more information. **In New Zealand,** this material is for the exclusive use of the recipient, who warrants by receipt of this material that they are a wholesale client as defined under the New Zealand Financial Advisers Act 2008 respectively. BIMAL is not licensed by a New Zealand regulator to provide 'Financial Advice Service' 'Investment manager under an FMC offer' or 'Keeping, investing, administering, or managing money, securities, or investment portfolios on behalf of other persons'. BIMAL's registration on the New Zealand register of financial service providers does not mean that BIMAL is subject to active regulation or oversight by a New Zealand regulator. **In China,** this material may not be distributed to individuals resident in the People's Republic of China ("PRC", for such purposes, excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan) or entities registered in the PRC unless such parties have received all the required PRC government approvals to participate in any investment or receive any investment advisory or investment management services. **In Hong Kong,** this material is issued by BlackRock Asset Management North Asia Limited and has not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong. **In Japan,** this is issued by BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. (Financial Instruments Business Operator: The Kanto Regional Financial Bureau. License No375, Association Memberships: Japan Investment Advisers Association, The Investment Trusts Association, Japan, Japan Securities Dealers Association, Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association) for Institutional Investors only. All strategies or products BLK Japan offer through the discretionary investment contracts or through investment trust funds do not guarantee the principal amount invested. The risks and costs of each strategy or product we offer cannot be indicated here because the financial instruments in which they are invested vary each strategy or product. **In Singapore,** this is issued by BlackRock (Singapore) Limited (Co. registration no. 200010143N). This advertisement or publication has not been reviewed by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. **In South Korea,** this information is issued by BlackRock Investment (Korea) Limited, for distribution to Qualified Professional Investors (as defined in the Financial Investment Services and Capital Market Act and its sub-regulations). **In Taiwan,** independently operated by BlackRock Investment Management (Taiwan) Limited. Address: 28F., No. 100, Songren Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City 110, Taiwan. Tel: (02)23261600. **For other APAC countries,** this material is issued for Institutional Investors only (or professional/sophisticated/qualified investors, as such term may apply in local jurisdictions). **In Latin America,** no securities regulator within Latin America has reviewed the information contained herein. The provision of investment management and investment advisory services is a regulated activity in Mexico thus is subject to the supervision of the Mexican Securities Commission (SEV). For information on the Investment Advisory Services offered by BlackRock Mexico please refer to the Investment Services Guide available at www.blackrock.com/

©2026 BlackRock, Inc. or its affiliates. All Rights Reserved. BLACKROCK is a trademark of BlackRock, Inc., or its affiliates. All other trademarks are those of the

BlackRock

Not FDIC Insured • May Lose Value • No



BII0626-5577798-EXP0627-5/5